

Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

VOL XIX.

HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, APRIL 27, 1897.

NO. 34

Do You Want To Do Something Smart?

We'll Tell You How.

If you will need an overcoat next winter buy it now and save nearly one-half. There are about 200 mens, boys and childrens overcoats left on our hands that we will offer at

ONE THIRD OFF

For the next two weeks and then pack them up. The fact that we have sold about 35 overcoats during the last two weeks suggested this advertisement. It's a little out of season, you think? Well, maybe, but the new tariff that's about to be put on all woolen goods is the reason "Why," it will pay you.

J. H. ANDERSON & CO.

WE WANT

All the Ladies to come and see our new Slippers. We have all the novelties of the season.

We also have a few broken lots carried over from last season in Black and Tan—Ladies and Childrens. We will sell them at reduced prices.

PETREE & CO.

We Give You Just What You Ask For.

THERE are several ways of doing business. One is, to put off any old thing you may have, on your customers. Our way is, to give you just what you ask for, and at prices that defy competition.

Now a Days

No one wants to pay exorbitant prices for first class goods. We are way down on prices, and know that you cannot find a better class of goods in the state. We would be glad to have you call and examine our stock of

Harness and Saddlery,

If you do not want to buy it makes no difference we want to show you what we have.

F. A. YOST & CO.

No. 7, South Main St., opposite Winfree Bros.

CREAM OF NEWS.

IF IT IS NEW AND TRUE THIS COLUMN HAS IT.

Found Dead—Tried to Drown Herself—Burglars—Dr. McCall goes to Pewee Valley—Snake Story—Vagrants—Shoulder Dislocated.

Concussion of Vagrancy.

Jim and John Brooks, both colored, were before Judge Hanberry yesterday, charged with vagrancy. They were each given 30 days in the work house.

New Church for Fairview.

The Cameron Presbyterians of Todd County are now deeply interested in building a new church at Fairview. The proposed cost is \$1,500, and Rev. S. M. Griffin is in advance of the movement.

Change of Base.

The plant of the Fairview Review is being removed to Pembroke this week and will be operated by Messrs. Barnes & France, in a partnership arrangement with Esq. W. B. Bower, the owner. The name of the paper will be changed to "The Review," and the first issue will appear May 7.

Former Sent to the Asylum.

Speed A. Skeen, of the Johnson's Mill country, was adjudged of unsound mind by a jury in this city yesterday morning, and ordered sent to the asylum. Skeen's affliction is thought to have been caused by paralysis. When about five years old he suffered a stroke and has never fully recovered.

Jim Fruitt Tried.

Jim Fruitt, who smashed the jawbone of John McGaughey in a fight at the L. & N. rock quarry several weeks ago, was tried Friday before Court Judge Estabrook. The case had been continued several times on account of McGaughey's condition. Fruitt was fined \$100 and sent to the work-house. Both parties are col-

Burglars at Caledonia.

The general merchandise store of Esq. Jeff Hammond, at Caledonia, Trigg county, was entered by burglars Friday night. They succeeded in getting away with a small amount of money and some groceries. Mr. Will Hammond, who had been fox hunting, returned home about midnight and heard the children screaming at the front door. The wives heard him and went out at the back door, making their escape in the darkness. This is the second time Esq. Hammond's store has been burglarized in the past few months. The first time they made a big haul.

The Snake Coiled Around Him.

Esq. Jas. M. Clark, of the Crofton neighborhood, had a queer experience with a large black snake last Saturday. He was out in his field at work when the reptile suddenly struck at his legs, but failed to bury its fangs in the flesh. It then quickly coiled around his neck and threw Mr. Clark to the ground. In an effort to extricate himself from the grasp of the snake, he exerted himself to such an extent that he was made very sick and has since been confined to his bed in a delirious condition. Esq. Clark has always had an aversion to snakes and the attack is said to have frightened him almost to death.

Injuries Proved Fatal.

Ed. Stewart, the negro whose skull was fractured by a lick on the head with a wagon spoke, in the hands of Henry Adams, another negro, died Friday morning. Adams is in jail and the next grand jury will be impaneled to inquire into the cause of Stewart's death. Stewart was about 40 years old. When the fatal lick was struck Stewart was dazed by the blow and fell, but soon recovered sufficiently to go to police headquarters and swear out a warrant for Adams' arraignment. The day before he began to lose consciousness and became unconscious. Thursday afternoon he soon became unconscious. Two days before his death an operation was performed on his head and pieces of fractured bone were removed. He was unable to walk or talk, but became partially conscious. Thursday afternoon he died at 12 o'clock. An inquest was held over Stewart's body and the jury returned the following verdict:

"We the jury, find from the evidence that Ed Stewart came to his death April 20th, from the effects of a blow on the left side of the head just over the ear, with a large wagon spoke in the hands of Henry Adams, on the 16th of April, 1897. We further find that the difficulty was provoked by Adams, who gave the blow with intent."

Official Time Table.

The change of run on the C. & P. branch of the L. & N. west into effect yesterday. The train leaves Princeton daily except Sunday, for Graysville at 9:30 a.m., arriving at the latter place at 12:30 p.m. At Graysville the p.m. and m.s. arrives in Clarksville at 3:35 p.m., connecting at Princeton Junction with the Elkhorn accommodation. The train will also make a trip to Guthrie every evening as follows:Leave Clarksville at 6:45 p.m. and reach Clarksville on the return trip at 7:30 p.m.

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Bob Franklin won the Democratic nomination for commonwealth's attorney in the Frankfort district.

NEW MASONIC HALL.

Will Be Opened to the Inspection of the Public at a Strawberry Supper Thursday Night.

The painters are now giving the finishing touches to the magnificent new Masonic Hall and the rooms will be occupied for the first time at the regular meeting on May 3. The rooms, four in number, have been papered and all but the main lodge room have been painted. A new carpet has been ordered for this room, which is 40x80 feet and the finest lodge room in Western Kentucky, if not in the entire State.

The third floor of the Ragsdale, Cooper & Co. building, upon which the new Masonic Hall is located, is being fitted up with a restaurant, a billiard room, a room for the first time at the regular meeting on May 3. The rooms, four in number, have been papered and all but the main lodge room have been painted. A new carpet has been ordered for this room, which is 40x80 feet and the finest lodge room in Western Kentucky, if not in the entire State.

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YEAR WITHOUT A SUMMER.

Story of Snow and Ice in 1816 from an Old Diary.

The year 1816 was known throughout the United States and Europe as the coldest ever experienced by any person then living. There are persons in northern New York who have been in the habit of keeping diaries for years, and it is from pages of an old diary begun in 1810 and kept unbroken until 1840, that the following information regarding this year without a summer has been taken:

January was so mild that most persons allowed their fires to go out and did not burn wood except for cooking. There were a few cold days, but they were very few. Most of the time the air was warm and dry. February was not cold. Some days were colder than any in January, but the weather was about the same. March from the 1st to the 6th was inclined to be windy. It came in like a small lion, and went out like a very innocent sheep.

April came in warm, but as the days grew longer the air became colder, and by the first of May there was a temperature like that of winter, with plenty of snow and ice. In May the young buds were frozen dead, ice formed half an inch thick on ponds and rivers, corn was killed, and the corn fields were planted again and again, until it became too late to raise a crop. By the last of May in this climate the trees are usually in leaf, and the birds and flowers are plentiful. When the last of May arrived in 1816 everything had been killed by the cold.

June was the coldest month of roses ever experienced in this latitude. Frost and ice were as common as buttercups usually are. Almost everything green was killed; all fruit was destroyed. Snow fell ten inches deep in Vermont. There was a three-inch snowfall in May in the interior of New York state; the same in Massachusetts. There were also a few moderately warm days. Everybody looked, longed and waited for warm weather, but warm weather did not come. It was also dry; very little rain fell. All summer long the wind blew steadily from the north in blasts laden with snow and ice. Mothers knitted socks of double thickness for their children and made thick mittens. Planting and shivering were done together, and the farmers who worked out their taxes on the country roads wore overcoats and mittens. On June 17 there was a heavy fall of snow. A Vermont farmer sent a flock of sheep to pasture on June 16. The morning of the 17th dawned with the thermometer below the freezing point. At about nine o'clock in the morning the owner of the sheep started to look up his flock. Before leaving home he turned to his wife and said jokingly: "Better start the neighbors soon; it is the middle of June, and I may get lost in the snow."

An hour after he left a terrible snowstorm came up. The snow fell thick and fast, and as there was so much wind, the fleecy masses piled up in great drifts along the windward side of the fences and outbuildings. Night came and the fact had not been heard of since a wife became frightened and alarmed the neighborhood. All the neighbors joined the searching party. On the third day they found him. He was lying in a hollow on a side hill, with both feet frozen; he was half covered with snow, but alive. Most of the sheep were lost.

A farmer near Tewksbury, Vt., owned a large field of corn. He built fires around the field to keep off the frost. Nearly every night he and his men took turns in keeping up the fire, and watching that the corn did not freeze. The farmer was rewarded for his tireless labors by having the only crop of corn in the region.

July came in with ice and snow. On the 14th of July ice as thick as window glass formed through New England, New York, and in some parts of the state of Pennsylvania. Indian corn, which in some parts of the east had struggled through May and June, gave up, froze and died.

To the surprise of everybody August proved the worst month of all. Almost every green thing in this country and Europe was blasted with frost. Snow fell at Barnett, 30 miles from London, England, on August 30. Newspapers received from England stated that 1816 would be remembered by the preceding generations as the year in which there was no summer. Very little rain was reported in England. There was great privation, and thousands of persons would have perished in this country had it not been for the abundance of fish and wild game.—N. Y. Sun.

Did Him Good.

"Mister," said the small boy to the druggist, "gimme another bottle o' them patent pills you sold father day before yesterday."

"Are they doing him good?" asked the clerk, looking pleased.

"I'd no' whether they're doin' father good or not, but they're doin' me good. They jis' fit my new slung-shot!"—Detroit Free Press.



Choosing a Husband.
George Eliot says that almost any woman can marry any man she wants to marry. Whether this is truth or fiction, certainly a woman's husband is better known to her than to anyone else. She can only make herself attractive in a man's eyes, and rely upon human nature and many instincts.

Some-looking, healthy, capable companion. Men are not attracted by a sickly, pale, weak, nervous, debilitated wife.

Men are not attracted by a sickly, pale, weak, nervous, debilitated wife.

A woman afflicted by these mortifying miseries should seek the powerful purifying properties of the Golden Medical Discovery, which completely dispels all unwholesome appearances, removing the organic causes of healthful vitality.

It helps to filter all bilious impurities from the blood. It gives a powerful, restorative, nutritive power, extracting nourishment from the food. It rounds out thin forms; wiped away wrinkles, and gives the complexion clearness and brightness.

Your "Golden Medical Discovery" cured me of a case of poisoning from the blood written May 1, 1851, by Dr. Samuel C. Col. "Cal." Bells one after another would break out on my skin, and not until I took your "Discovery" did I have a bell or sore of any kind since I have not had a bell or sore of any kind since."

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bleeding, heart, circulation, and in most cases

of the system, aperient, tonic and

stimulant, tonic and aperient.

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A dry ball in the hand is worth two over the fence.

Wonderful South American Blood Cure

Quickly dissipates all seroful-

tants in the system, cures pimples,

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oughly cleanses the blood of boils,

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renders the skin clear, young and

beautiful. If you would escape

the curse with all the train of

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blood-purifier, which has performed

such stupendous cures in all cases

of shattered constitution and depravity

of the blood. Bad health signifies

bad blood. Sold by R. C. Hardwick,

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If wishes were home runs, beggars

would root.

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The fat-
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Chas. H. Fletcher
Is an
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of
Fletcher
and
Fitzgerald

for
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Fletcher
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Fitzgerald

PHILADELPHIA'S CITY HALL.

Has Been 24 Years in Construction

—Architectural Features.

The municipal buildings of the city of Philadelphia, commonly called "the city hall," are, next to the parliament houses of London, probably the largest single pile of gold in the world, say City Government. The average dimensions of the parliament houses are 300 feet by 870 feet, giving an average enclosed area of about 251,000 square feet, while those of the city hall are 435 by 435 feet, giving an enclosed area of 189,125 square feet. The city hall tower is, however, the highest structure of the kind in the world, having a total elevation of 537 feet 11 1/2 inches, which is only two feet lower than the Washington monument.

Began in 1817, it has been 24 years in construction, and up to the present time has cost the city of Philadelphia \$20,114,727.98. Work on the tower was completed last fall and much of the interior work on the upper floor is still to be done and a clock placed in the tower with dials each of a diameter of 20 feet. When the building is completed it is expected that all departments of the city government, included under the heads of legislative, executive and judicial, will be centered there. There are in the building a gold bearing quartz vein produces gold, but it does so in a way peculiar to itself in some slight particular, and it is this which makes it a special feature which makes it peculiar.

In California are certain quartz ledges that are spoken of as "specie ledges," for the reason that they produce gold in some particular form, and also have certain slight peculiarities of form that an experienced mining man or metallurgist long established in a particular locality is able to distinguish, though to the ordinary observer all the samples in the shape of dust or nuggets may look alike. Each bearing quartz vein produces gold, but it does so in a way peculiar to itself in some slight particular, and it is this which makes it a special feature which makes it peculiar.

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Even in this place gold of California and other regions containing auriferous alluvial deposits are observable such differences of color and form as show it to have come from different localities. The expert buyers of gold dust in California in the early days were able to tell almost at a glance from what mining district, and often from what particular diggings, a lot of gold was obtained.

The gold from the blue gravel of the channels of the "dead rivers" of California—the deep drift diggings—possesses peculiarities that distinguish it from that of placers of more recent origin. It is always so much worn by ages of attrition as to be quite smooth on all sides and a great deal of it is bean-shaped; also in size much of it ranges about as do beans from the smallest to the largest varieties. The smaller gold of the ancient rivers is in the form of thick well-rounded flakes or scales and round, heavy grains, while the big nuggets and masses are of various shapes and sizes, but are always worn till smooth as the little golden "beans."

Gold from the lava-capped drift diggings and from the blue gravel of the channels of the ancient rivers, wherever found, is called "lead gold." When a prospector hits upon such gold in a ravine, he hoes down the slope of a long lava-capped gravel mountain, hoes a cavity there to trace it up and find in the bedrock the gap through which the "overflow" came from the dead-river channel beneath the mountain, then by means of a tunnel he goes in under the mountain and finds the main lead which was the source of the gold he found in the ravine. This lead gold is sometimes mingled with the gold of the more recent placers, one of the rivers of the modern system, or a big canyon, having at some point cut through a dead-river channel and carried down and redeposited much of the gold; but wherever it is found it is known to have come from one of the ancient rivers, as it carries the ear marks of the little golden "beans."

Then one of the boys, having previously secured the live possum from the pen in the yard, climbed into the window, took the cooked possum from the table and left the living room in its stead.

The old negro came in singing with an armful of lightning knots. He replenished the fire and then sat down to his repast.

In the dim light he reached for that possum, and then with a yell he jumped back.

"Lawd, have muss'y!" he cried. "I killed 'em, en' I cooked 'em, en' I took 'em up steamen, on de han' se dat 'e nachul ez life, wid not a hair singel! Oh, Lawd, des he'm ter git 'way fum dis place, en' I'll preach de Gospel de balance or my days!"

Then, keeping close to the wall, he reached the door and jumped out. Once, before he made for the woods, he looked back, and seeing the possum in the same position on the table, he shook his fist in its direction, saying:

"Hay, dar, you gray devil—you! Yo' race ain' no good nowhow!"—Atlanta Constitution.

English Church Goers.

The average attendance at places of worship in England and Wales is computed between 10,000,000 and 11,000,000 persons. There is a place of worship for every 500 individuals, taking the country all through, and a stated minister for every 700. About 80,000 sermons are preached every Sunday.

Gentlemen (to little boy)—"I say sonny, why is the blind man you was leading about yesterday?"—Boy—"Oh, father, I don't think it needs cleaning. Baby and I had it washing in the basin for ever so long this morning."

LOCALITY LEAVES ITS MARK.

Peculiarities of Form and Color in Gold.

Most persons who see but little gold except that which has been coined and alloyed suppose all gold is alike when pure, but the fact is gold has peculiarities of color in different localities in a great auriferous region and in the gold fields of different countries, even when frank from all the localities mixed and melted into large 1,000 fine. An experienced metallurgist is able to distinguish between the slightest shades and tinges of color, and often can tell at once what a bar, nugget, or package of "dust" comes from; and a veteran assayer in a gold region is nine times out of ten able to tell almost at a glance from what particular district a sample of placer or quartz gold was obtained.

The dust, grain, chippings, nuggets, and masses of gold from different localities and from placers in different localities also have certain slight peculiarities of form that an experienced mining man or metallurgist long established in a particular locality is able to distinguish, though to the ordinary observer all the samples in the shape of dust or nuggets may look alike. Each bearing quartz vein produces gold, but it does so in a way peculiar to itself in some slight particular, and it is this which makes it a special feature which makes it peculiar.

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233 and 235 E. Market St. LOUIS

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BRISTOL—Fourth Monday in February—term three weeks; second Monday in April—term four weeks; fourth Monday in September—term six weeks.

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Hawenville 9:45 a.m. 11:05 a.m.
Lewisport 10:15 a.m. 11:30 a.m.
Owensboro 10:45 p.m. 12:07 p.m.
Spotsylvania 11:15 p.m. 12:37 p.m.
Ashland 12:45 a.m. 1:05 a.m.
Ar. Henderson 1:15 a.m. 2:35 a.m.EAST BOUND
No. 52 Daily
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Ar. Henderson 1:15 p.m. 8:30 p.m.

The Care of Pearls.

Pearls, says the London Queen, should always be allowed to see the light from time to time, and on other occasions they should be safely stowed away in their cases. It was Disraeli's theory that pearls should be always worn, and should be from time to time put in the sun and rubbed afterward.

A WIFE, AND DIDN'T TELL

Miss Frake and Frank Rice Were
Married Sixteen Years Ago.

Mount Holly, N. J., can boast of a woman who has kept a secret for 16 years. This wonder of femininity is Miss Lizzie Frake, or, more properly, Mrs. Frank Rice, for she has been a wife for 16 years, while everyone in town, and even her sister Rebecca, with whom she lived, supposed she was a spinster.

Frank Rice was in love with Lizzie Frake, when, as a youngster, he drove a butcher's wagon in Mount Holly. Finally he announced that New Jersey was too slow for him; that he was going west to make a fortune. Miss Frake consented to marry him, but declared that the marriage must not be made public until Rice had secured the fortune he was going to seek. Rice agreed, and one day the two went over to Philadelphia, where they were wedded. Rice went westward while the bride returned to her home. She took up dressmaking and lived in comfort with her sister. The young man of the house, unable to get the married, tried his best to win the dressmaker's heart, but she told them firmly that she could never be more than a sister to them, and at last she was left in peace.

Rice landed in the silver region of Colorado at the time when the gold and silver mining boom there was growing fast. He joined the army of treasure seekers and set to work with a will. He made money and put it in bank, and he wrote many letters to "Miss Lizzie Frake," telling her of how he could soon return home to tell the world that she was his wife. The good time did not come as soon as expected, for the backets and consequences heaving both in the west and at Mount Holly.

It was not until the present year that Rice reappeared in the village. He had all the money he needed, and he told his old friends of his good fortune. He also gave it out that he and Miss Frake were to be married. No one was surprised, therefore, when Rice and Miss Frake returned from Williamsport, Pa., recently and announced that they had been married. Then Mrs. Rice confessed to the sister that she had been married for 16 years, and the romantic story was soon over the village.—N. Y. World.

A MAN FEELS MEAN.

When He Gives a Street Car Con-
ductor a Button for His Fare.

He felt meeker and smaller than any other man within a radius of 138 miles of Chicago.

He knew that it was not his fault, but that he could have slipped down through the floor of the street car he would gladly taken all chances of being run over.

He knew positively that he was an honest man, but if there ever was a pickpocket who felt as bad as he did at that moment the chances are that the pickpocket committed suicide.

He was a rather solemn and dignified man, and he disliked to pose as the point of a joke for 20 or 30 people, while he felt the scornful gaze of the conductor penetrating him with an X-ray.

When the suspender button came off he had caught it with a feeling of triumph, but now he had to go home with a button torn off and in answer to his wife's inquiries had been obliged to admit that he had not the faintest idea what had become of the button. And each time he lost a button thereafter he invariably related his wife's remarks on the preceding occasion and wished that he could find the button.

"You must think I am made of buttons," she had said, as she hurried through her button box for something that would take the place of the one he had lost.

"No," I answered, as he thought of some of the intricacies of the female mind, "not entirely."

But this time he had actually caught the button just in the act of slipping away from him, and he felt proud of himself.

Then he slipped it into the change pocket of his overcoat.

That was the trouble.

The conductor held it up so that all could see it, and then handed it back with the suggestion that he had better get a new "die," as the old one was evidently worn out.

Then it was that he had looked to see if the flooring of the car was laid loose enough so that he could slip out between the boards, and cursed his luck when he found that it was not—Chicago Post.

The Care of Pearls.

Pearls, says the London Queen, should always be allowed to see the light from time to time, and on other occasions they should be safely stowed away in their cases. It was Disraeli's theory that pearls should be always worn, and should be from time to time put in the sun and rubbed afterward.

Cost of Cleaning Paris Streets.

It costs Paris \$1,340,000 a year to keep its streets swept clean, each sweeper receiving about seven cents per day.

THIS AND THAT.

Miss Frake and Frank Rice Were
Married Sixteen Years Ago.

Mount Holly, N. J., can boast of a woman who has kept a secret for 16 years. This wonder of femininity is Miss Lizzie Frake, or, more properly, Mrs. Frank Rice, for she has been a wife for 16 years, while everyone in town, and even her sister Rebecca, with whom she lived, supposed she was a spinster.

The horseless wagon is being made into a railroad freight car in order to try it on some of the French railroads.

Almond raising in California has caused the using of 25,000 acres and the expenditure of \$10,000,000 capital.

In Norway girls are ineligible for matrimony until they have earned certificates for proficiency in knitting, baking and spinning.

Turin, Italy, will have a world's fair in 1898, and the whole country promises to join in and help to help the rest of the world to help.

Two hundred thousand steel umbrellas tubes per month are made by the firm of Hugosen, and yet some people think it does not rain enough.

The street piano, with a crew of two, calculates on an income of \$15 a day—five to each manipulator, and five to the instrument's owner.

It is said that the rat has never been appreciated, and that he makes a fine docile family pet, and can be taught to fellowship with what Victor Hugo calls his "proof sheet," the cat.

Whistling trees are not uncommon in India, China, the Soudan, and the West India Islands. The wind in passing through their peculiarly-shaped leaves gives a shrill and startling sound.

MONARCHIAL NAMES.

Traces of British Rule Found in Se-
veral States.

In one of the paragraphs of the Declaration of Independence the signers declare that "the patient sufferance of the American colonies" at last "constrains them to alter their former systems of government." Along with the alteration there was in many of the states, and more particularly in the New England states, a complete change of geographical designations, consonant with the change from monarchical to republican government.

In most of the original states no trace was retained of the titles of royalty or aristocracy such as counts endeavored to do away with in prohibiting the acceptance of any such title from "any king, prince or foreign state." But notwithstanding this, monarchical titles have survived in some of the original states. New York conspicuously among them. There are in New York, for instance, as everybody knows, a King county and a Queens county, both on Long Island; and there is, moreover, Dutchess (Duchess) county on the Hudson River, and Richmond (Richmond) to the south.

There is a Duke county in Massachusetts, and in Virginia, the most populous of the original states, at the time of the Declaration of Independence, there are a King George county, a King William county, a King and Queen county, a Prince Edward county, a Princess Anne county, York and Lancaster counties and an Elizabeth City county. There are a Prince George's county and a Queen Anne's county in Maryland, and Pennsylvania has York and Lancaster counties, but no nearer approach to monarchical names than the exception of some and somewhat to the south.

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A NEW FIBER.

Ramie in the English Market—Dim-
culties in Its Production.

How many bankruptcies does it take to establish a new industry? British manufacturers are by all accounts among the most conservative of mankind, and if the name "ramie" suggests anything to a Lancashire cotton-spinner it is the recollection that great many people have dropped money over that particular fiber.

Nevertheless, it seems probable that the British manufacturer will have to take ramie seriously. It is by no means a new fiber, and it is known that the Chinese have used the fiber, which is found in the bark of a particular kind of nettle, to make themselves rough, strong cloths, and mats or lines for their fishing. But as an article of European commerce it is so new as hardly to be counted among English imports; and, though the plants which produce it have for many years been cultivated under European supervision, it has only been for the purposes of speculative experiment. The plants can be seen growing every summer at Kew; one of them, Rhei nivae, the Chinese variety, flourishes in open air, but grows in a Michaelmas-day in a tuft of tall shoots springing from a perennial root, and has big palm-shaped leaves, with the under side white, like those of the wild ginseng or cherry-apple.

If you strip the bark from one of the shoots and fray it with a knife there is disclosed a white, silky fiber, very fine in the strand and extraordinarily strong. What is called Chinamass is simply these ribbons of bark carefully decorated by hand till the fiber is left bare. It is, however, still coarse and hard, and the immensely laborious process of cleaning makes it cost too much to be of general use. The result of this process, which is to supersede flax, hemp and all other textile fabrics (according to the true believers), is the same fiber more cheaply and better prepared from a tropical variety of the same species, Rhei teucommia. This differs from Rhei nivae only in having a green leaf; but the essential point of the matter is that it is tropical, and will produce at least four crops a year, while the Chinese plant can at most yield two. The intrinsic value of the fiber has for a long time been fully admitted; so much so that the Indian government twice offered a prize of 5,000 pounds sterling for the best class of high quality produced at a limited cost. The prize was never won.

The difficulty, as it lies in the production, for which two distinct operations are necessary. First, the stems have to be stripped of their bark, which is done by hand or machinery, though no machine has yet been invented which does the work so well as the cheaply-purchased oriental hand labor. Secondly, in the ribbons so stripped off, the fiber has to be disengaged from the gummy bark, and this is only possible by chemical process. No mechanical method can thoroughly separate the fiber and the flax-like material of at least two companies exist which aim at preparing ramie wholly by machinery. Various chemical processes were applied, all of which succeeded in turning out a clean "flaxed" fiber; but unfortunately when the flax was worked up into yarns, threads or stuffs, it was found to perish after a few months. The strong chemical employed rotted the fiber. This happened particularly with the products of Rhei prepared in France, where about ten years ago great interest was taken in the matter. After the French, the Americans took it up and progressed great things; but they also dropped it in despair. It is believed that England is going to step in and solve the problem. Mr. Grimes, a chemist trained in this country, but of Indian origin, has patented a method which turns upon the employment of siccato of soda. A company has been formed, patents taken out all over the world, and a sort of experimental factory is actually at work in London which turns out about two tons a week of ramie ready for spinning.—London Spectator.

Some Appropriate Interjections.

For the lumberman—Gooh all hemlock!

For the inebriate—Great snakes!

For the agriculturist—Good land!

For the old bachelors—Alas!

For the widow—Man alive!

For the tailor—Oh, scissors!

For the novel reader—Great Scott!

For the bellicose statesman—

And a few more.

For the cyclone sufferer—Well, I'm blown!

For the image vender—By Jupiter!

Twinkle!

Domestic Economy.

It is an old-fashioned story that

one girl in every family should learn

how to sew, in order to economize.

An Atchison man, who is very

progressive, argues that instead a girl in every family should be com-

pelled to take a course in dentistry.—

Atchison Globe.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE

OF

Castoria

A Vegetable Preparation for As-
similating the Food and Regula-

ting the Stomach and Bowels

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion. Cheerful-

and Rest. Contains neither

Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.

NOT NARCOTIC.

Aperient Power for Constipa-

tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,

Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-
ness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac Simile Signature of

Castoria

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER,

WRAPPER

is en-
ever
wrapp.The fac-
simile
signature
of Castoriais en-
ever
wrapp.Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It
is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell
you a bottle of Castoria. The price of a bottle is
just "as good" and "will answer every pur-
pose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.The fac-
simile
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of Castoriais en-
ever
wrapp.

Castoria

is en-
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wrapp.

Castoria

Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

PUBLISHED TUESDAY AND FRIDAY MORNINGS

—BY—

CHAS. M. MEACHAM,

DESCRIPTION #2 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

C-200 reading notices 20 cents per line.
Editorial Letters 50 cents line each insertion
\$2.00 for standing advertisements furnished
on application.

OFFICE 212 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

—TUESDAY, APRIL 27, 1897.—

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

CIRCUIT JUDGE,
THOMAS P. COOK,
of Calloway.COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY,
W. R. HOWELL,
of Christian.

Hon. Jas. L. Lloyd has been nominated for Congress in Missouri, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Giles, a Democrat. The district is safely Democratic.

Editor John J. Barry, of the New Haven Echo, and Editor John J. Berry, of the Uniontown Telegram, have their respective identity protected by only one small vowel.

It is said France is watching the affair between Turkey and Greece. Perhaps M. Grévy may be called upon to take a hand, unless he is out of politics.

Ohio elects a governor this year and all the indication point to a Democratic victory. Allen W. Thurman is liable to be the nominee for Governor.

An attempt was made last Thursday to assassinate King Humbert of Italy, as he was on his way to the races. An attempt was also made about the same hour to assassinate President Borda, of Uruguay.

The Dispatch has already done some good. On the day after it came out the Courier-Journal's respect for "silverites" was increased to such an extent that it referred to the Democratic leaders as "Hon. W. J. Bryan."

Watch your date of expiration and renew promptly if you want the Kentuckian, as we do not force the paper upon unwilling subscribers. If your paper fails to come, it may be that your time is out.

Harold M. Sewall, a son of the late Democratic candidate for Vice-President to Hawaii. If a rank partisan was desired, young Sewall appears to fill the bill, as he is the young chap who gained some notoriety last year by voting against his father.

Deboe may be elected, but it does not necessarily follow that he can be seated. There are several legal points to be passed upon by the Senate before the contest may be regarded as finally ended. Deboe may disappear down the same road that A. T. Wood went last winter.

That two column roost of Grover Cleveland in yesterday's Courier-Journal was about the best reading publication has contained for a year or more. Some of it was so hot that Ex-Marsh Henri appeared to be smoking ashes to use on his sackcloth when he gets tired running with his present associates. Is it possible that he is trying to beat the Post back at the Democratic party?

The Kentucky Press Association will meet at Middlesborough June 17 and 18. The western members will meet at Louisville and leave on the morning of the 17th, reaching Middlesborough that night. On the morning of the 19th the association will leave via Knoxville to Chattanooga and spend Sunday on Lookout Mountain. Early Monday the party will leave for Nashville, arriving about noon, and spend several days taking in the exposition. The literary program has not yet been announced.

Congressman Seth L. Milliken, one of the Maine members who has long been in the House, died last week. A day or two later Hon. W. S. Holman, the "Objector" from Indiana, one of the four Democrats from that State, also passed away. He had been for twenty years in public life and had just returned to Congress after an absence of two years. It has about been decided that Ex-Gov. Burleigh, will succeed Mr. Milliken. There will be a hot contest for the Indiana seat.

The Dispatch has had a phenomenal experience in the history of newspapers. It had an established daily circulation of over ten thousand when it started, with agents all over this State and southern Indiana ready to deliver the first issue. Every day since it started its circulation has increased at a rapid rate, and on Wednesday morning the extraordinary demand for the paper made it necessary to start the press again after the regular edition was exhausted and print out thousand additional copies. The Dispatch to day has a larger circulation than any other morning newspaper published in Louisville, and outside of the city its circulation is more than double that of the other morning papers all combined. These facts the advertisers will soon learn, because they are known to every man who travels the State outside of the city.—Louisville Dispatch.

Dr. W. J. Deboe, State Senator from the Crittenden county district, was nominated for Senator in the Republican caucus last week, after having made a deal with the Bradley men. Dr. Deboe is a fourth rate lawyer, who was a doctor before he went into law and politics. He is not only a dark horse but a very short horse, and will rattle in Joe Blackburn's seat like a bean in a bladder. There seems to be but little doubt of his election to morrow, when the paired Republicans are on hand to make a quorum. Two or three Republicans refused to vote Saturday, but they are holding out for promises and will be whipped into line. Two of the goldbug traitors also refused to vote for Deboe and the third may do so. This gives him 73 votes to secure the necessary 70 from, and the end of the long contest appears to be at last in sight.

The Louisville Dispatch continues to improve and its news service is in some respects far ahead of the associated press papers. In the foreign news department this is particularly the case, its reports of the Greco-Turkish war being from special New York correspondents. The Dispatch has met with a reception never before given a paper in the west. It is now offering to forfeit \$100 to the Louisville charity association if it cannot prove that its circulation is greater than that of any other daily paper in Louisville.

It has at one bound assumed the leadership of the Democratic party in Kentucky and forced the Courier-Journal to look to the Republican party for its support. The paper is well edited, neatly printed and up-to-date, and on its wheelhouse is painted the words "Come to Stay."

The war between Turkey and Greece is now the great news feature in all the daily papers. Owing to the difference of twelve hours in time, the news is received here and given to the public ahead of the hour it acquires in Greece. For instance a bat occurring at 11 o'clock a.m. is reported in the morning papers of the same day, issued at 4 o'clock in the morning. The latest information is favorable to the Turks, whose invasion of Greece was stopped a week ago. They have now captured both Tyrnavo and Larissa and the indications are that the plucky little army of Greeks will soon be overwhelmed by superior numbers.

Miss Beatrice Cunningham, a tall young lady of Trigg county, with literary aspirations, has written a little story entitled "Jacky, Jacky, Jacky," an advance copy of which lies upon our desk. It is a handsome paper bound volume and the literary merits of the work are decided and pronounced. Miss Cunningham possesses undoubtful genius and her first volume deserves a circulation that will encourage her to pursue the career her ambition has marked out.

Hannanacs and Republicans have been in Logan county. The Hannanacs are to name the candidates for county judge, attorney and clerk.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Cataract that cannot be cured by Hall's Cataract Cure.

F. J. CUNNINGHAM & CO., Firms, Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation by their firm.

Weller & Tarras, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARTIN, Whole sale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system.

Price 5c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's family Pills are the best.

An Abscess

In the Stomach Caused Great Suffering—Was Confined to the Bed But Now Able to Work.

"In October, 1885, I had an abscess in my stomach. I was also taken with pleurisy and coughed very badly. I was treated by physicians but did not improve. I gave up all hope of ever getting well, and was compelled to give up work and was unable to walk across the room and was confined to my bed. I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and began taking it. In three days I could see a change for the better. I continued to take the sarsaparilla until I had taken four bottles and continued to improve. I am now able to do a good day's work on the farm." M. E. MANN, Demarestville, Kentucky.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists.
\$1. six for \$5. Prepared only by J. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Get Hood's and only Hood's. Hood's Pills are the best antiseptic.

Sale of Christian County Bonds.

OFFICE OF COUNTY JUDGE.
HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY, Apr. 9th,

FOR SALE—\$100,000 of Christian county, Kentucky, five (5) per cent, refunding bonds, dated July 1st, 1897, due July 1st, 1927, in a period of thirty (30) years, with the right reserved to the said Christian county to redeem the said bonds, or any of them, at any time after five years from and after this date—said bonds and the interest thereon to be payable in the lawful money of the United States of America. Said bonds are to be paid at the rate of \$1,000 each, bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent, per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July each year; principal and interest payable at the City Bank, in the city of Hopkinsville. The bonds are issued and paid by virtue of an order of the Circuit Court of Christian county, Kentucky, approved April 6th, 1897, under authority of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, dated August 16th, 1892, and being section 1852 of the Kentucky Statutes.

Sealed proposals will be received until the 15th day of May, 1897, at the office of the County Judge of Christian county, Hopkinsville, Kentucky, for the purchase in whole or in part of the aforesaid bonds.

Proposals must be sealed and addressed to "Bond Commissioners of Christian County," County Judge's office, Hopkinsville, Kentucky, and marked "Proposals for Bonds."

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, or to accept any bid made for any part of the total number of bonds proposed to be purchased by any bidder.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by a certified copy for two and one half (2½) per cent of the face value of the whole number of bonds proposed to be purchased by the bidder. Checks will be returned to the unsuccessful bidders.

The bonds will be ready for delivery in Hopkinsville, Kentucky, June 30th, 1897.

John W. Breathitt,
Geo. H. Myers,
Thomas M. Barker,
Orme H. Anderson,
Commissioners.

Call for Christian County Bonds.

All bonds outstanding against Christian county, Kentucky, and which said bonds are of date July 1st, 1897, are hereby called in payment and cancellation and all interest on same will be stopped and discontinued on and after the said 1st day of July 1897. Holders and owners of said bonds are ordered and directed to present said bonds to the City Bank of Hopkinsville, Ky., for payment on the 1st day of July 1897. Done by order of the Christian County Fiscal Court, this the 10th day of April, 1897.

Jno. W. Breathitt,
Geo. H. Myers,
Thos. M. Barker,
(Orme H. Anderson,
Commissioners.)

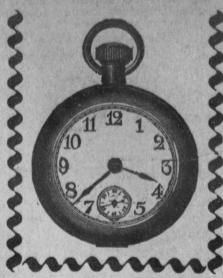
Bids For Asylum Groceries.

Bids will be received for 5 barrels of lard, kettle rendered; 7 lbs. of granulated sugar; 10 boxes of pretty soap; 20 cases of tomatoes; 20 cases of corn; 1,000 lbs. bacon sides; 5 lbs. of N. O. coffee; 10 lbs. of coffee; 10 lbs. of Greenwich lye, to be furnished to Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane, Hopkinsville, Ky. Prices to be on goods laid down at Hopkinsville. All goods to be first class in quality. Goods will be selected from the lowest and best bid on each article. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. Bids must be handed in at the First National Bank by 10 o'clock a.m. April 30.

A. H. ANDERSON,
Steward.

The Daviess county Democrats will nominate their county ticket this week and politics is now occupying more attention than corn planting in that neck of the woods. There are red hot contests for several of the offices.

Richard Waggoner, of Blandview, was held up by two men near Wickliffe and robbed of \$50.

GIVEN AWAY!

Just to put the ball rolling as spring is opening and our new goods coming in every day we have decided to give a handsome

NICKLE PLATED WATCH,

Strictly a first class time keeper, guaranteed 12 months. with each

Boys Jacket and Pants worth \$4.50 and up.

Boys Suits worth 5.00 and up.

Mens Suits worth 7.50 and up.

COME EARLY IF YOU CAN.

Our store is open for lookers as well as buyers. Take plenty of time to examine our goods. Polite salesmen are at your service. We want your good will and want you to get satisfaction. Clothing never was so cheap; styles and patterns are better than ever before. Our prices are rock bottom. We will clothe you completely, stylishly, substantially and cheaply.

Mammoth Clothing & Shoe Co.**THESE ARE
..Seasonable Goods..**

We buy them in carload lots and sell them in prices in keeping with the times.

We Sell

Homestead Fertilizer,
Horse Shoe Fertilizer,
Armon's Fertilizer,
National Fertilizer

We Sell

Blount's True Blue Plows,
Vulcan Plows,
Oliver Chill Plows,
Avery Plows,

We Sell

Single Buggies,
Canopy Top Phaetons,
Buggy Top phaetons,
Double Barouches and
Surreys,
Carts and
Springwagons,

We Sell

Tobacco hhd. at \$1.50.

We Sell

A full line of fresh Garden Seeds.

We Sell

Sherwin- Williams' paint.
The purest and the most durable ever sold.

FORBES & BRO.

THE THEATER OF CHILDHOOD.

Gergymen Permitted to Visit Circus as
the Guide of Children.

"Cardinal Richard, Archbishop of Paris, has again laid the hand of discipline upon his clergy. Last fall his reproof took the form of a circular letter, telling the clergy that a priest on a bicycle was no fitting spectacle for the streets of Paris. Now that the Catholic clergy are shut out from the theater, the Areal is still forbidden to print in the Domes of Paris leave his house without wearing the cassock. Then he says that any cleric appearing in a cassock at a theater even at a matinee, shall be liable to excommunication. The circus is allowed. It is the theater of children and the poorest goes as the guide of the children. Even the opera and the Comedie Francaise are forbidden things."

The foregoing extract from the foreign correspondence of the New York Sun would seem to place the circus at the top of all reputable places of amusement, a place, by the way, that the Barnum & Bailey greatest show on Earth has exclusively occupied in this country for many years past. It is a fact beyond dispute that the proprietor of the show has been inexorable in his rules which are nowhere else to be seen. What pleases and instructs the little folks is sure to command the interest of parents and guardians. Besides the great show, the Barnum & Bailey show is the only one that is endorsed by the clergy of this country. It never exhibits on the Sabbath, while others do. There is never an objectionable feature exhibited nor are there any abuses to be discovered. Little boys and children are special care in every way.

This year the show is superb. There are 100 acts of all kinds, among them one grand horse act when 70 of the noble animals are in one ring at one time. Twenty-four ships, 1200 men, 1000 horses, one time, while as many as fourteen acts are going on simultaneously. There are three rings, three stages, a race track an aerial enclave, and a grand pavilion entertainment. There are also scores of special performers in characteristic exhibitions. There is a giant, a midget and the famous Orissa twins, Johanna, the big gorilla, 50 cages of wild beasts, 2 menageries, all the complexion men of the world, the best acrobats, acrobatics, tumblers, leapers, etc., etc. In the new street pageant of the Return of Columbus to Barcelona contains a stupendous team of 40 horses. All of it will be here on Wednesday, May 26.

Quinton Jim's Joke.

Already quite a number of Congressmen have introduced bills for the erection of suitable buildings in their districts. It has been pretty hard fighting for this class of legislation for the past two years, and the outlook for the future is not more favorable. If the barriers still continue, the position of the members will be very much like that of a Congressman from Kentucky. His name was McKenzie, and he had a keen sense of humor.

He had introduced a bill for a public library at Owensboro, the principal town in his district, but had made very little progress. The constituents were on the point of giving up, and his unfortunate predicament gave his rivals a splendid chance to advance their own interests. One day in his dire extremity, Mr. McKenzie arose and addressed the chair.

"What purpose does the gentleman rise?" inquired the chairman.

"On a matter of the highest privilege," was the reply.

"The gentleman will state it," said the Speaker.

"Not the right of a member to seat a question of highest privilege," persisted Mr. McKenzie.

"Most assuredly," was the response.

"Well," said the Speaker, "as Congressmen are allowed some time

to go to the House to erect a Federal Court-house and post office at Owensboro, I am told that the Illinois Central will purchase the road, as it reaches a portion of the state treasury to their line.

Poor Blood

When a horse is poor in flesh, a new harness won't give him strength. If a house is cold new furniture won't warm it. If your strength is failing work a burden; never weak; digestion poor; muscles soft; if you are pale and worn out, the trouble is with the blood. It is not so much IMPURE blood as POOR blood. Pills won't make the blood rich; nor will bitters, nor iron tonics, any more than a new harness will give strength to the horse, or new furniture will make a house warm. For poor blood you want something that will mix with blood.

SCOTT'S EMULSION of Liver Oil with Hypophosphite is the best remedy in the world for enriching the blood.

We have prepared a book telling you about the subject. Sent Free. For sale by all druggists at 50¢ & \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

His premonition was correct. He lost his seat.—Washington Post.

Bad Men Still at Large.

Dekoven, Ky., April 23.—Hite and Cody, the bandits who murdered Officer Jim Green last Wednesday, have been located in Equality Ills. A telegram has been received by Constable Hammock, who has gone in pursuit. It is reported that Hite and Cody spent the night after the killing in a mine near their home, in Hopkins county. But they did not stay long, for the Sheriff of Hopkins county, John James Moore, and it is said can pierce a hole eye with a Winchester at 300 yards. A telegram has been received from a United States marshal in Indian Territory inquiring of Hite. There is now a reward of \$1,500 for their arrests.

Replies to a criticism, the Courier Journal says:

"Is it disrespectful to refer to a silverite as a silverite? If silverite is honest and respectable, why is it an epithet to say that an advocate of silverite is a silverite?"

If the settled policy of the Courier-Journal is not intended to be disrespectful to those who have declined to follow it out of the Democratic party, why does it not apply the similar epithet of 'goldite' to the wives and daughters of its own political allies? Surely one would be as justifiable as the other.

Still another newspaper man has been called upon by the Democratic party to represent its county in the next legislature. Mr. R. E. Richardson, editor of the Hart County Record, of Horse Cave, will see that Gen. Buckner's county is properly represented in the coming house of representatives. He is a talented young man, a good editor, a pleasing speaker and above all a saxon pure Demo-

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; any sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. The kidney, in the back, kidney, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor. It relieves the body of the unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and extraordinary effects of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest in its worthiness of all kidney tonics.

It is the most effective medicine you should have the best.

Sold by druggists price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail, mention the HOPKINSVILLE KENTUCKY, RICHARDS & CO., Lexington, Ky. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish respecting pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor. It relieves the body of the unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and extraordinary effects of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest in its worthiness of all kidney tonics.

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SPECIAL LOCALS.

This is the age of adulterations, but HARPER Whiskey is guaranteed strictly pure, superlative whiskey. Chemists, analysts and physicians testify to its quality and declare it not only strong but conclusive. The people too, find HARPER can be trusted implicitly; hence the enormous sales of this royal whisky.

For sale by W. R. LONG,
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

House and lot for sale or rent. W. B. Neely, Sargent Building.

FOR SALE.

I have 30 head of—
Good HORSES and MULES.

to be sold at—

Rock Bottom Prices.

Call and see them at C. H.

LAYNE'S STABLE.

Are you looking for an Easter nest?

I also have a high breed three-year-old jack that I will stand at \$6.

I also have a nice smooth, four-year-old mare about 14 hands. A quick, lively fellow that I would farm out for the season.

Pedigrees of the above jacks are first-class in every particular.

R. F. RIVES.

Indian Games...
and Light Brahmas.

Winners in ten shows. Eggs for hatching \$8.00 per 15, \$5.00 per 30.
Hatching eggs \$1.00 per dozen.

Death to Lice and other Poultry Supplies
FOR SALE.

CARL C. MOORE,
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

The L. & N. will sell round-trip tickets to Washington, D. C. at one first class fare, May 3rd, to 7th, inclusive, account Southern Baptist Convention, limited to 15 days from date of sale with provisions for 15 days extension by depositing tickets with agents of the terminal lines at Washington prior to May 15th.

J. M. ADAMS, agent.

The L. & N. will sell round-trip tickets to Washington, D. C. at one first class fare, May 17th, to 20th, inclusive, account General Assembly of Presbyterians.

J. M. ADAMS, agent.

Airship will be exhibited.

"The airship is sighted in the West," says the St. Louis Republic, "in a fake."

The serial monster was manufactured originally in New York, of papier-mache and ordinary balloon material to advertise a certain brand of cigarettes.

When it was set free at Denver some wine barrels and other articles were included in the patent and trade paper-mache air-ships for their own use. That is why the airship has been seen at so many places in one and the same day.

There is more than one of them in the sky, and the newest balloon is the largest in the series. I may mean.

The whole thing is a clever advertising dodge, invented jointly by parties in New York and Chicago.

The Simpson county Democrats nominated the following ticket:

County Judge, George W. White;

County Attorney, L. B. Finn;

School Superintendent, A. H. Hill;

Sheriff, W. C. McRae;

Representatives, J. S. Robey, Circuit Clerk, E. S. Bradshaw; Surveyor, V. K. White; The County Clerk, Assessor and Jailer contestants are close, and it will take the official court to tell who is elected. The vote was so heavy that the ballots gave out at many precincts.

Clay Powell.

At Forbes & Bro's. stable.

Summer Excursion Rates.

Commencing May 1st and continuing until Sept. 30th, the Ohio Valley railway will charge \$1.00 for each passenger and return at rate of \$5.00.

Good returning 40 days from date of sale.

E. M. SHERWOOD, Agent.

Everybody Surprised

Over our fresh arrivals of stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Carpets, Rugs, Millinery and Shoes.

Surprised first at the large assortment. Surprised second at the superior quality. Surprised third at the immense variety. Surprised fourth at

Low Prices

We have been some time in getting these "surprises" all here and ready for you but at last we are able to announce

Bargains
All Through The House.

We solicit a comparison of goods and prices. Knowing that you will find that our new stock is the best and cheapest.

RICHARDS & CO.
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

FOR SALE

I have 30 head of—

Good HORSES and MULES.

to be sold at—

Rock Bottom Prices.

Call and see them at C. H.

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Hatching eggs \$1.00 per dozen.

Death to Lice and other Poultry Supplies
FOR SALE.

CARL C. MOORE,
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

THE PALACE

FOR YOUR

SPRING HATS.

I have all the latest styles in

TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS.

Flowers, Foliage Ribbons, Ornaments and Veilings
in Rich Profusion.

I am offering these goods 25 per cent. less than you can duplicate them.

I have a first class trimmer and guarantee satisfaction.

MRS. ADA LAYNE,
Cor. 9th & Main.

F. P. Renshaw,

Furniture and Undertaker.

THOMPSON'S OLD STAND.

New Stock, Best Goods,
and LOWEST PRICES.

New and Elegant Funeral Car for the Undertaking Department.
Dick Everett, a Practical Undertaker of 20 years experience, has charge of this branch of our business.

Give us a call. No. 8 Main Street, HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Spring Millinery.

MME. FLEURETTE LEVY.

A HANDSOME ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF THE
BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE.
(Second Year.)
Louisville, Kentucky,
Contains Valuable Information to those desiring to Learn
Book-Keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Penmanship, ETC.
Unparalleled Facilities for Locating Graduates in lucrative Situations. Rates Very Low.

THIS IS WORTH \$5.00 TO YOU.
FREE! FREE!

Ask us for E. M. Grand Pictorial Books.

Give us away for nothing.

"From the Throne," by Talmage; "The

Great Beautiful Story," by T. Image; "In the

Great Great Story," by T. Image; "In the

REAL "SPAN OF LIFE."

A Rash Oarsman Saved by a Human Rope.

Actors who "do" "spans of life" and "human bridges" might have received valuable instruction had they been in the vicinity of the Passaic falls, in Paterson, N. J., recently when Frederick Billson was saved from being carried over the roaring cataract by the efforts of four men who formed a living line.

Billson is a member of the Excelsior boat club and an expert oarsman. The Excelsior club house is situated just above the Passaic falls, and when Billson entered his shell the water was high and swift, and swept toward the Society dam, which is about 100 feet above the falls. With difficulty Billson turned the shell's bow upstream, and, after putting some distance, turned about, to lie parallel to the current, and soon found his feet. He was unable to gain a foot.

Inch by inch the frail craft was swept back, notwithstanding the almost superhuman efforts of the desperate oarsman. The slender sculls, which flashed in and out of the water, bent in curves with the strain.

Gradually the stroke became more feeble, and the oarsman saw the gap between boat and dam grow less.

The lost inches grew to feet, the feet to yards, and finally, with a cry of despair, man and boat were swept over the dam and on toward the Passaic falls.

Billson, seeing the futility of last-ditch efforts to prevent a span from the fragile shell and struck out for the rocky shore. To counteract the effect of the current he swam upstream, and, struggling hard, was able at last to clutch a rock and cling to it, thus finding temporary safety.

He was by no means saved, however. A sheer descent of eight feet of rocky wall was between him and terra firma. Capt. Stewart Taylor, of truck No. 3, saw Billson's danger, and, calling to William Kinname, Foreman Kearney and Engineer Nichols, of the pump house, hurried to the assistance of the exhausted man.

Billson was fast losing strength, and had to get at him with a hammer. Capt. Taylor suggested that they form a human rope and reach out to him. Kinname agreed to be the salvation end of the rope, and he was accordingly lowered.

Kearney and Nichols came next, and Capt. Taylor acted as anchor on the wall. Kinname seized the helpless oarsman and cried: "All right?" Slowly Taylor backed away, pulling with all his strength, while a number of spectators who had arrived on the scene lent willing hands. It was risky work, but Billson was gradually pulled up, and after being wrapped in a blanket was taken to his home.—N. Y. Herald.

A SNAKE STORY.

Novel Method of Dispatching an East Indian Python.

The appended clipping relates to the apprehension of them all; so far as small stories are concerned, and, in our opinion, will long stand unchallenged: "An East Indian traveler relates a curious experience with a python. He was sitting among some trees in the woods, when he noticed a movement in a thick growth of vines overhead, and, looking up, saw the form of an enormous snake evidently about to drop on him. Hardly knowing what he sprang forward, seized the snake with both hands and rushed into the clearing. The snake, which was resting on a mass of interwoven boughs, was taken entirely unawares and easily pulled out, showing a body nearly as large as the boy who 20 feet in length. To have been caught in the folds of such a creature would mean certain death, but this ingenious snake taker did not give the animal an opportunity. He ran on, dragging the reptile some distance, then moving slowly in a circle, soon having it off the ground and in the air. Swift and swift swirled the python the hideous object, until it was flying around him in a straight line. There was a large palm tree not far away, and, moving gradually toward it, he soon brought the snake's head against it with a crash that sent the monster, stunned and helpless, to the ground, where it was discovered by the natives who at first had fled with terror, watching from their concealment this astonishing spectacle which illustrated the courage of the white man."—American Field.

A High Bid.

The missal sold by Leo X to Henry VIII, together with the parchment conferring upon him the title "Defender of the Faith," was bought a number of years ago for \$50,000 by the German government. The missal and parchment had been given by Charles II. to the ancestor of the famous duke of Hamilton, and the library of this nobleman was sold at auction, in London, where the government of Germany bid up the book beyond the reach of all other would-be purchasers.

The world knows nothing of its greatest men or their wives either, it seems.

At this season of the year colds generally prevail longer, worse than at any other time. Dr. Bell's Pine Tar-Honey will break a cold in less time than any known remedy, and it strengthens and invigorates the lungs and bronchial tubes.

The citizens of Edgerville have prepared a formal protest to be laid before the Legislature against the proposed abandonment of the branch penitentiary at that place.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Dysentery Remedy.

This is the best medicine in the world for bowel complaint. It acts quickly and always be dependent. With patients with water it is pleasant to take. Try it, and like many others you will recommend it to your friends. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by R. C. Hardwick, druggist.

The annual State convention of the Christian Churches will meet in Louisville on June 22, 23 and 24.

Whenever druggists sell you he has something just as good for coughs, grip, etc., as Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey, he is thinking of his profits, and not of your welfare. We make the genuine and authorize all druggists to guarantee it to be the best on earth. The E. E. Southern Land Medicine Co., Paducah, Ky.

The Republican Committee will meet at Mt. Vernon on May 12 to name a candidate for Circuit Judge.

Those who are troubled with rheumatism should try a few applications of Chamberlain's Pine Balm, rubbing the parts vigorously at each application. It will soon bring relief, dampen a piece of flannel and bind it over the seat of pain and prompt relief will surely follow. For sale by R. C. Hardwick, druggist.

Three negroes in Knott county caught fifty live blind rattlesnakes in one old cane last Saturday.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smearing incident to eczema, tetter, salt-creams and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and favorite remedies. It is good for children, children, frost bites and chronic sores. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per bottle.

Try Dr. Bell's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic blood purifier and vermifuge. Sold by R. C. Hardwick, druggist.

Moses Clemons Mooreland, of Louisville, and Geo. R. Lewis, of Glasgow, have bought the Glasgow Telephone Exchange.

Your Intelligence.

Your intelligence is questioned by the druggist who tries to influence you to let him put you anything for you to take, you ask for Dr. Bell's Pine Tar-Honey. No druggist can put it up for you—he cannot put up a thing like it—it is not to be had in bulk—it is to be had only in 25c bottles. There's nothing else to go for" as Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey.

To the young gravity Lord Ormonde granted the hand of his hereditary foe, and when the amused mother came to congratulate them on the happy settlement of 600 years of bitterness, she found young hopeful perched, like his famous ancestor, on the neck of the kitten.

The duchess of Leinster lost sight of her son for a space, and in going to look for the lad found him engaged in earnest conversation with a tall, elderly gentleman, whom she was surprised to recognize as the marquis of Ormonde. What was her horror when, on approaching nearer, she distinctly heard the youthful Geradine remark in somewhat slangy phrase:

"Well, I suppose I ought to punch your head on account of the feud, but I say, you know, you're too jolly decent a chap for that. Can't we shake hands and call it square?"

With the usual gravity Lord Ormonde granted the hand of his hereditary foe, and when the amused mother came to congratulate them on the happy settlement of 600 years of bitterness, she found young hopeful perched, like his famous ancestor, on the neck of the kitten.

Thus ended a feud, undoubtedly the oldest, and possibly the bloodiest, in the middle ages.—Gerald Brenan, in Atlanta Constitution.

AN ANCIENT FEUD.

End of a Difference of Six Hundred Years' Standing.

It is seldom in this workaday age that one comes across a genuine family quarrel that has lasted through no less than six centuries. Such a feud actually existed in the dominions of Queen Victoria until a short time ago, and its final settlement was brought about by the ingenuousness of a boy of nine.

The two leading Anglo-Irish families in Ireland have long been the Fitz-Geralds and the Butlers. From being comrades in arms of the invading strongbow, they became by degrees rich barons, and counts of considerable country. In the wars of the rose the Butlers sided with the white rose of Lancaster, and the Fitz-Geralds with the red rose of York. Families gathered around in two great houses; and the bitter feud brought forth death and bloodshed from as early as 1250 down to the Williamite wars. The Butlers, whose chief had obtained the dignity of earl of Ormonde, succeeded in crushing the power of the elder branch of the Fitz-Geralds, earls of Desmond. It is told of a warlike Desmond that while being born a prisoner in the locked shields of his feudal foe's claspement, the Butlers taunted him with the bitter words:

"Where is now the proud Fitzgerald?"

To which the indomitable earl answered:

"Eitz-Gerald is where he ought to be—on the necks of the Butlers."

This proud reply will give an idea of the intensity of the strife.

Now it happened that her majesty's Irish viceroy gave a garden party in the viceregal lodge at Dublin, and there were bidding by accident the marchioness of Ormonde, head of the Butler family (familiar to the Americans through his yachting interests) and the little duke of Lister, boyish chieftain of the house of Fitzgerald. With the duke, who was quite nine years of age, his widowed mother, the lady of the beautiful Dromonobis sisters.

The duchess of Leinster lost sight of her son for a space, and in going to look for the lad found him engaged in earnest conversation with a tall, elderly gentleman, whom she was surprised to recognize as the marquis of Ormonde. What was her horror when, on approaching nearer, she distinctly heard the youthful Geradine remark in somewhat slangy phrase:

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BELIEF AND KNOWLEDGE.

Thinking Men Differ as to Their Relative Value.

One of the questions of the day is: "Is to believe" more than "to know?" Shall a sane man extend belief in directions where he has knowledge and in lines outside the reach of his power to act? Can belief in space not traversable by an ordinary common sense?" If such distinction is made between "knowing" and "believing," which of the two has precedence as a guide for action? Is it to be tested by science? Or is science used only when belief is indifferent to the subject matter? If belief is subordinate to the tests of science, to be accepted or rejected by the degree of its accord with human experiences, then it is simply an annex to science, a footnote to human experience, and the authority of the latter is supreme. If, however, truth comes to us from sources outside of human experience, it must come in some pure form, free from human errors. As such it must claim the first place. In this event the progress of science will be always on a lower plane than the progress of belief; the Buddhists use to describe their perfect sage—language which will at once remind the scholar of the big names of the French department schools as "an epileptic fit between two nothing's." It is no small resource to be able to escape from these miasmic exhalations of contemporary literature into the bracing atmosphere of the classics. For him who has caught the profound teachings of Greek literature we may say, in the words of the Imitation, that he is released from a multitude of opinions. We may apply to authors like Sophocles and Plato and to those who have penetrated their deeper meaning the language the Buddhists use to describe their perfect sage—language which will at once remind the scholar of the big names of the French department schools as "an epileptic fit between two nothing's." 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SHOWCASES.
Used in Many Businesses and Sold in Large Numbers.

The largest consumers of showcases are the cigar dealers, and next to them the druggists. Dry goods dealers use more showcases now than ever before, and large numbers of showcases are used for men's furnishings and for millinery, and many are used by hatters, especially for outside display. There are some difficulties in many cities they are, and large numbers of showcases are used for hats, and for florists and for dealers in many other trades.

There is hardly a business in which indoor showcases are not used more or less. Confectioners use many showcases; many are used in bakeries, and they are used in grocery stores. Many are used in notion stores as well as in toy shops. They are commonly used in hardware stores for the display of the finer cutlery. Undertakers use them to show the costly modern burial coffins. Stationers use showcases; do jewelers for the display of jewelry.

A great many showcases are given away by manufacturers of various articles, as thread, or sewing silks, or perfume, and various other things, for the better and more convenient display of their own goods. Showcases were never so cheap as now; good, modern showcases can be bought at what seem marvelously low prices, and the finer showcases were never so handsome nor so well fitted up and perfectly adapted to their several uses as now. The old-style showcases had a vertical face and a level top. Then came showcases with bevelled fronts, and cases with the front panel of bent glass, making a rounded front. Now the glass has come back again, and there is sold at present many showcases with the old-style front. Showcases have a greater variety of style than ever before, upright and otherwise, for canes, for corsets, and for many other special lines of goods. The trade of the moment, made by all manufacturers and called in the trade "the silent salesman," is a case made to take the place of both counter and showcase. The top of this case is at the same height that the top of a showcase on a counter would be, but the case reaches down nearly to the floor, where it rests upon a platform or base, perhaps six or eight inches high. It is really a showcase three or four feet in height, descending gradually from the top. It is made of a flat plate and a flat top. It is made in any length—six feet, or any other length, to fit spaces. It is provided with glass shelves for the display of goods, or with drawers terraced back so that at least a part of their contents can be seen.

Showcases are made with wood frames in various fine woods, and with metal frames, and there are now made, including cases of the very largest sizes, showcases with neither wood nor metal upon the edges, the plates of glass being connected together, and the case being further secured by a steel rod running through it just within the angle at the corners.

The new styles of showcases have mostly been to make the sides under the glass and are out of sight. They are very shallow trays, with a metal lining, and containing a sheet of felt, which can be moistened, the moisture remaining for days; this is in place of the cup and sponge within the case among the cigars. Many cases, both upright and horizontal, designed for one purpose and another, are equipped with brackets or with notched uprights to hold the ends of rods, by means of which the glass shelves in them can be adjusted at any height, according to the requirements of the goods it may be desired to display in them.

The introduction of the incandescent electric light made possible the convenient lighting of outdoor showcases with fixtures which could be used with the case, and now inside showcases are frequently provided with appliances for electric illumination.

There are made folding showcases, which can be folded up to occupy less space in shipment, and there are made showcases that can be knocked down, like furniture, so as to take less space in shipment. The greater number of cases, however, are shipped complete set up.

Many American showcases are exported. We send showcases to the West Indies, to Mexico, Central America and South America, and to South Africa and to Europe.—N. Y. Sun.

Only Partly True.

"What do you think of Jones' latest poem?" asked one member of the Hammer club of a fellow member.

"Simply rotten," was the answer. "I can't understand why he thinks he can write poetry."

"Oh, yes, we are too hard on the fellow. Don't you last poem of his is a masterpiece?"

"A clever conceit! Oh, yes, that maybe. He's concealed enough, surely, but I draw the line at the clever."

—Chicago Times-Herald.

Michigan to Texas.

IN OLD COLONY DAYS.
Features of the Early New England Architecture.

Hardly 20 houses in all New England dating back of 1700 are yet in existence, unless in a materially transformed condition. At best the most of them were very rough, box-shaped, with a door in one side and a high-pitched roof, to make the snow slide off easily, and a chimney of prodigious size. In 1680 the house at Boston, where Gen. John A. Dix was born, was torn down and found to contain 150,000 of brick. The chimney about the same time, was about as large. Its removal provided the house with a good-sized additional room. Almost all the seventeenth century houses were wooden, though about the oldest structure in New England was built of stone at Guilford, Conn., in or near 1638. Exeter's oldest, the Darling house, is about ten or eleven years younger. Exeter had only three brick houses dating far back into the eighteenth century, and there had probably two if they stood so long. They were built by masons, and were covered with wood and receiving large wooden extensions. These are the Peavy house, on the Newmarket road, and the old house of Water street built by Nathaniel Ladd. Both were erected between 1720 and 1730, the Peavy house, of which James Gilman was the builder, replacing an older structure which had been burned. The very pictureque Bennett Gilman house, a brick structure with gambrel roof, which stood above where the Amos Tuck house now stands, was torn down about 60 years ago. The block near the Great bridge is of nineteenth century origin, having been built by Maj. Simon Folsom about 1810.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache.

Outfitters like infidels, come to roost on the umpire's neck.

A Point to Remember.

If you wish to purify your blood you should take a medicine which cures blood disease. The record of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla proves that this is the best medicine for the blood ever prepared.

One of Dr. Hartman's latest books, treating on the catarrhal diseases peculiar to spring, will be sent free to any address by the Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

Where ignorance is bliss, it's folly to attract the unripe's attention.

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HERE AND THERE

A full line of Sloan's remedies on sale at Elgin's drug store.

A large band of gypsies passed through the city Friday enroute west.

When in pain use Sloan's liniment and kill it. Sold by Elgin.

Mr. J. N. Fowright has rented one of the Quarles cottages on Cleveland avenue and gone to housekeeping.

Dr. E. N. Fruitt, Dentist, office over City Bank, Hopkinsville, Ky.

Dr. R. H. Perry, of this city, has temporarily opened a dental office in Crofton.

The many friends of Mrs. M. E. Rodgers will learn with pleasure that she has about recovered from her recent illness.

The case of City of Hopkinsville vs. Boyd, known as the workhouse case, has been advanced on the court of Appeals docket.

Harvey Ausenbaugh, a young farmer of the Kelly neighborhood, was married yesterday last Thursday and ordered sent to the asylum.

If you want Barred Plymouth Rocks, place your order for eggs with Rodman Meacham, Hopkinsville, Ky.

Dr. E. T. Hughes, of this place, and Arch Dickerson, of Trenton, sold a fine sorrel mare this week to Capt. Lee Howell, of Evansville, for \$2,150 cash.—Fairview Review.

Owing to the death of the pastor, Rev. G. W. Bush, Dr. Edmund Norton preached at the Baptist church Sunday morning, delivering a very scholarly and interesting discourse.

Much of the corn crop was planted during the pretty spring weather of last week, but the rains of Sunday have again postponed the unfinished part of this important branch of farm work.

Miss Florence Buchanan, who is teaching school near Kelly, has been very sick at the home of Mr. Webber Davis, at whose house she is boarding. She was reported slightly better yesterday.

The Courier-Journal of Sunday contained an excellent picture of Miss Hattie Lee Johnston, the gifted young authoress of this city. The portrait is the central feature of the literary page and is a strikingly correct likeness.

Mr. R. H. Howell's mouth is now in the hands of his dentist and he was unable to find his speaking appointment at Murray yesterday. He will have his troublesome teeth attended to and visit Caloway later in the campaign.

The first ripe strawberries of the season to be gathered in Hopkinsville were picked Sunday the 25th inst. from a Michel's Early bed on South Main street. They were very fine and well ripened specimens of this most excellent variety. Can anybody report an earlier picking?

Dr. C. H. Tandy has begun the practice of dentistry in his handsome suite of rooms in the Garrett & Williams building, over Richards & Co's dry goods store. He is the handsomest in the city, having been handsomely fitted up especially for him. Dr. Tandy enters upon the practice of his profession thoroughly equipped for the most difficult and delicate operations of the work, making especially of crown and bridge work. He has concluded a three years' course at Vanderbilt and is thoroly gay up in the newest and most enlightened methods and is further qualified by active experience in college work and practice in another State—summer during vacation. He will undoubtedly take a front rank in his profession.

PERSONAL GOSSEL

Mrs. S. M. Brown is visiting relatives in Fulton.

Mrs. W. A. Wilson is the guest of friends in Cadiz.

Mr. H. G. Gray spent Sunday in Elizabethtown, Ill.

Mrs. T. L. Smith and son, Harry, are visiting relatives in Greenville.

Miss Addie Cox, of Grayson, is the guest of her brother, Mr. Walter Cox, on South Main.

Mr. Geo. Chambers Henry, of Burlington, Iowa, visited relatives in the city yesterday.

Mrs. M. J. Cooper has returned to her home in Bowling Green, after a short visit to her son Mr. Hugh Cooper.

Mrs. Jno. W. Landrum and Miss Ross Hale, of Mayfield, are visiting the family of their brother, Mr. Walter Hale.

Mr. and Mrs. John Flanery, of Marion, Ky., are visiting Mr. H. C. Moore's family. Mrs. Moore and Mrs. Flanery are sisters.

Mr. H. Johnson, of Cairo, Ill., who has been visiting the family of Mr. Jas. W. Ford, on Campbell street, returned home yesterday.

Andrew Sargent, of Hopkinsville, republican nominee for the Legislature, and his handsome new wife, are visiting Mrs. Susan Seagerton—Staten Journal.

Tony Flanagan makes the following mention of the approaching marriage of a young lady who spent last fall and winter in this city and county:

"The engagement of Miss Hyne Norton is, perhaps, a suburban affair, as the announcement of her betrothal to a lawyer coming from Staten Island, Miss Norton being the daughter of the late Ex. Norton, president of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. She has several sisters married.

Mr. Adolph Osterbridge, of Staten Island, Mr. Looney comes of a Baltimore family. His mother is Mrs. Adel D. Looney, married, a couple of years ago, his step niece, Miss Bruce Brown, a charming girl, and an heiress.

Miss Norton is a sister of Mr. W. P. Norton, of this county.

At the meeting of the Charles L. White Post, No. 96, Mr. S. H. Harrison was appointed to solicit subscriptions for the purpose of purchasing flowers with which to decorate the graves of all the dead from the war. The war was buried in this country. Mr. Harrison is meeting with success in the undertaking, the contributions intended to visit and calloway later in the campaign.

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..Foot Prints..

OF
Wise Shoe Buyers.

LEAD TO

BASSETT & CO'S

Invincible Shoe Department.

All the new Oxbloods, Tans and Chocolates for Ladies, Men and Children with Hosiery to match.

DEATHS.

COMBS.—Mrs. Combs, wife of Eli Combs, died yesterday morning at the residence of her son, Doll Combs. She was a very old lady.

DAVIS.—Mrs. Annie Ware Davis, sister of Mr. W. W. Ware of this city, and Mr. C. W. Ware of Trenton, died at her residence on Laurel Heights, San Antonio, Texas, April 7. She was the wife of R. Davis, formerly of this place. Early in life she was baptized and lived an earnest Christian life. Her health had been failing for some time, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy we can recommend to those who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy that can be used in sickness without debilitating the organs of which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get the best results, to use the genuine article, which you can purchase, that is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only and by all others esteemed so highly by all who value good health.

Wm. Haas and Wm. Wiley, two murderers were electrocuted at Columbus, O. Two seconds after the current was turned on, Haas was pronounced dead, and after a very little time was consumed in the case of Wiley than in that of Haas.

With the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular laxatives, other remedies are not needed. If there is any particular chronic disease, one may be commanded by the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have nothing to do with the system except to use the genuine article, which you can purchase, that is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

WHEN TRAVELING

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, and is the best remedy for removing fevers, headaches and other forms of ills. For sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading drug-gists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

TOBACCO NEWS.

HOPKINSVILLE MARKET.

Sales of Gaitor and West African 20 and 21 of 148 lbs each, 10 lbs 14 lbs medium leaf, \$11.75, 10.50, 10.75, 10.00, 10.50, 11.00, 10.50, 10.25, 9.60, 9.50, 9.00, 9.20.

24 lbs medium leaf, \$8.20, 7.20, 7.50, 8.00, 8.25, 7.75, 7.50, 7.00, 6.50, 6.20, 6.00, 5.50, 5.25, 4.50, 4.25, 4.00,

4.50, 5.20, 4.60, 5.60, 4.80, 4.50, 4.25, 4.00, 3.50, 3.25, 3.00, 2.75, 2.50, 2.25,

2.50, 2.25, 2.00, 1.75, 1.50, 1.25, 1.00, 0.75, 0.50, 0.25, 0.10, 0.05.

16 lbs med to good lugs, \$2.50 to 4.00.

20 lbs com lugs and trash, \$1.00 to 2.50.

Market about the same as last week.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

Major House sold 23 bbls: 4 bbls Major House co leaf and lug 6.50, 6, 4.00, 5.00, 5.20, 5.50, 5.75, 5.00, 4.80, 5.60, 5.20, 5.00, 4.80, 4.50, 4.25, 4.00, 3.50, 3.25, 3.00, 2.75, 2.50, 2.25, 2.00, 1.75, 1.50, 1.25, 1.00, 0.75, 0.50, 0.25, 0.10, 0.05.

3.50, 3.25, 3.00, 2.75, 2.50, 2.25, 2.00, 1.75, 1.50, 1.25, 1.00, 0.75, 0.50, 0.25, 0.10, 0.05.

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